

"HER GREAT ADVENTURE" BEGINS MONDAY IN THE GAZETTE

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PACKERS IN ATTEMPT TO HALT PROBE

FRANCIS J. HENEY, SPECIAL COUNSEL IN THE FEDERAL INVESTIGATION, CHARGES BIG PACKING INTERESTS.

FACTS IN CASE KNOWN

Has Evidence to Prove That Protests Were Made Against Probe—Attempt to Influence President.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The big packing industries were charged today by Francis J. Heney, special counsel in the federal commission investigation into the meat packing industry with attempting to bring influence to bear upon President Wilson to have the present investigation stopped. Mr. Heney told the commission that he had evidence to prove that protests were made against the probe and that attempts were made to influence the president.

Taken From Files. Mr. Heney's statement was made in connection with the reading of further confidential documents taken from the files of the Chicago packers which showed the packers planned an elaborate campaign in 1916 to influence congressmen against the commission investigation into the live stock and meat packing industry as was proposed in the Borland resolution. The recommendation was made by the packers that the commission be dissolved and that the Borland resolution be repealed. Mr. Heney said that the packers had been successful in getting congressmen to support the resolution and that they had been successful in getting the Borland resolution repealed.

It is quite important to reach the heart of the matter, Mr. Heney said. The packers had been successful in getting the Borland resolution repealed and in getting the commission investigation stopped. He said that the packers had been successful in getting the Borland resolution repealed and in getting the commission investigation stopped. He said that the packers had been successful in getting the Borland resolution repealed and in getting the commission investigation stopped.

Advance Information. Indication that packers had advance information of what was being done in connection with the Borland resolution was contained in a memorandum taken from the files of Wilson, but which carried a notation showing it was sent to all of the big meat packing companies. The memorandum said that the packers had been successful in getting the Borland resolution repealed and in getting the commission investigation stopped.

Mr. Fisher (counsel for Armour) has received word from Washington that the Borland resolution has been definitely set aside. Mr. Fisher said that the packers had been successful in getting the Borland resolution repealed and in getting the commission investigation stopped. He said that the packers had been successful in getting the Borland resolution repealed and in getting the commission investigation stopped.

Statements by Francis J. Heney that Armour and company have been found to control the street railway of Kansas City was the indication that the packers had been successful in getting the Borland resolution repealed and in getting the commission investigation stopped. He said that the packers had been successful in getting the Borland resolution repealed and in getting the commission investigation stopped.

Division of live stock buying throughout the United States by the big packers which would have the effect of limiting competition between them was charged by Mr. Heney on the basis of a memorandum taken from the confidential files of Mr. Swift.

Files Complaint. Evidence that the packers had obtained confidential information in 1916 caused Francis J. Heney to protest publicly to the federal trade commission today against the practice of allowing confidential information to be used in the commission building unlocked. "I have several times returned and found an attorney," for the packers, Mr. Heney said.

KISHINEV IS SCENE OF BATTLE BETWEEN CONTESTING ARMIES

London, Jan. 26.—Kishinev is reported to be surrounded by Rumanian troops according to a Petrograd dispatch to the Exchange company and hot fighting is said to be in progress between the Bolshevik troops and the Rumanians.

GARFIELD TO PASS ON ALL DIVERSION OF COAL SHIPMENTS

Washington, Jan. 26.—Confusion arising from unauthorized diversion of coal by local officials prompted the fuel administration today to issue a definite set of regulations governing the practice. Coal intended for destinations outside of a state must not be diverted by state administrators without approval from Washington. Chairmen of local fuel committees must not divert coal intended for other communities without the approval of state fuel administrators. Coal must not be diverted from one preferred consumer to another except in emergency cases. Coal destined to by-product coke ovens must not be diverted except in emergency to relieve human suffering.

BELIEVE LUMBERMEN WILL GO ON STRIKE FIRST OF FEBRUARY

Eveleth, Minn. Jan. 26.—A strike among the men in the lumber camps throughout the northwest is believed to have been called by the I. W. O. for February 1. To protect the property of the lumber companies and adjacent property fifty additional forces of regimental guards of Duluth will arrive here today to be detailed to guard the strike line. Sheriff John R. Meinung of St. Louis county is here to direct deputy sheriffs.

TO SETTLE ONLY THE WAGE QUESTION NOW

Washington, Jan. 26.—The railroad wage commission, Director General McAdoo's advisory body, decided today not to investigate grievances of railroad labor, but to limit its work to the wage question and broad matters of policy. A supervisor of labor in the director general's permanent office, Mr. McAdoo, said that the commission would handle all grievances. Cross negligence of railroads under private management in getting the principal cause of the present freight congestion, according to a report presented to Director General McAdoo and Interstate Commerce Commission. Assurance that adequate numbers of railroad cars will be furnished for transportation to sea ports of allied purchases of foodstuffs was given by McAdoo today. In conference with Sir Richard Crawford, commercial advisor of the British embassy, and Mr. Fisher, French high commissioner, and Mr. Dill, Italian ambassador and high commissioner. More of the secret testimony before the senate military committee was made public today and discloses that McAdoo today. General Pershing was authorized to buy 200,000 British uniforms for American troops, and 200,000 blankets in Spain.

WILL BE CANDIDATE FOR SUPREME BENCH

Madison, Jan. 26.—G. N. Risjord of Ashland may be a candidate for the supreme court bench at the next election, it became known today that lawyers in the state were receiving letters inquiring as to the relative strength of Judge Risjord should he attempt to become a candidate. Judge Risjord is head of the fifteenth circuit and has just begun a new term in the office as circuit judge of Ashland, Bayfield, Itasca and Taylor counties. The general impression has been Justice Rosenberg will be unopposed.

MEN WITH TECHNICAL ABILITY ARE NEEDED

New York, Jan. 26.—The failure of technically equipped men to come to the aid of the government has delayed war preparation, according to C. V. Messerole, head of the ordinance department, civilian personnel bureau. "Excellent positions are open," says Mr. Messerole, in a statement issued here today, "particularly in the field artillery and ammunition stores. There is a constant call for metallurgical chemists and assistant inspectors of cartridges, cases, shell forgings, powder and explosives. The imperial equipment section of the ordinance department also announced today that it had places open for men over the draft age to act in a civilian capacity as assistant inspectors of leather equipments."

STRANDED WITHOUT FOOD IN MID-OCEAN

An Atlantic Port, Jan. 26.—The steamer City of Wilmington reported stranded today that she was disabled at sea because of boiler trouble and the supply of provisions was about exhausted. Naval authorities did not reveal the vessel's position, but it was said that ships have been ordered to proceed to her assistance.

PLANS FOR CONTROL OF THE STATE

DEMOCRATS SEEK TO BREAK UP THE RANKS OF REPUBLICANS, AIDED BY LA FOLLETTE

TALK ABOUT LOYALTY

Covers Up Scheme to Disrupt G. O. P. in Wisconsin By Non-Partisan Election Scheme

Madison, Wis., Jan. 26.—Republicans of the state who have visited the capitol during the last week have discussed the movement now on in Wisconsin by which the democratic organization, working through the state central committee, plans to make Wisconsin a democratic state. Under the guise of fusion for patriotic motives, the minority party hopes to so confuse the issues in the next state campaign that Wisconsin, in which the republican party has long been dominant, will become a democratic camp. Many republican leaders, anxious to do their part to win the war, and imbued with the one idea, are planning the next democratic campaign. Some of them are still doing subject to the national administration, so far as the conduct of the war is concerned, have forgotten partisan politics, and have given little or no thought to the coming campaign. These men many of them editors of influential newspapers, have pulled chestnuts out of the fire for the men planning the next democratic campaign. While others are at last awake to the real situation. The vacancy in the United States Senate has given an opportunity for republican organization in Wisconsin, at present headed by Governor Philipp. As early as the fall of 1916, the United States senator, Mr. McAdoo, who entered the war, the democratic organization in Washington began to lay its plans for the capture of Wisconsin in the following national campaign. Democratic leaders from Wisconsin who were called to Washington smarting under the defeat of the republican party in 1916, and the following national election. Democratic leaders from Wisconsin who were called to Washington smarting under the defeat of the republican party in 1916, and the following national election.

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MUNICIPAL GUARDS PLANNED IN OMAHA

Omaha, Neb., Jan. 26.—More than 2,000 Omaha youths, it is believed, will be enrolled this year in the Municipal guards, an organization formed last year in connection with the activities of the playgrounds department of the city, headed by J. J. Isaacson, recreation director. The Municipal guards are organized like a regiment of the United States army, with only a slight modification, with regimental and company officers, commissioned and non-commissioned. Last year's company commanders were former officers of the high school cadets. A school is now being conducted for non-commissioned officers of last year with a view to giving them commissions this year. Company drills are to be held in the public parks at least three times a week, with occasional battalion and regimental drills. Last summer "hikes" of various lengths were taken and a regimental encampment of four days was held at one of the city parks. Omaha business men furnished the necessary funds. Playgrounds for children under 12 years of age, directed by men, have been maintained for some time, but the idea of furnishing entertainment for older youths is a new one put forth by Recreation Director Isaacson. It has met with general approval. Enrollment in the Municipal guards, although giving valuable military training, involves no obligation to enter the state or national military service.

ANOTHER BIG INCREASE NOTED IN BANKING RESERVE

New York, Jan. 26.—Actual condition of clearing house banks and trust companies for the week shows that they held \$396,681,750 in excess of legal requirements. This is an increase of \$22,000,000 from last week.

FIRES REPORTED IN MANY CITIES ARE DESTROYING MILLIONS

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.] Toronto, Ontario, Jan. 26.—A serious fire is in progress in Petrograd, an extensive manufacturing town, ninety-four miles north of here. Wire communication has been interrupted and details so far are meager. Lindsay, a town twenty-five miles away, said it during the night to help fight the flames. At Buffalo, Buffalo, New York, Jan. 26.—The Westinghouse electric and manufacturing company service and repair plant near the water front was burned today. The loss is \$150,000. In Kansas City, Kansas City, Jan. 26.—Fire early today destroyed the plant of A. Holtman company engaged in the manufacture of stoves and furnaces. The loss is placed at \$187,000. Newark, N. J., Jan. 26.—More than a million dollars' worth of property today was destroyed in a fire, believed to be the work of a German spy, who burned up oil barges, a pier, warehouses and freight cars on Newark Bay close to the plant of the submarine boat corporation and storehouse of the quartermaster department of the army.

TO PREVENT WEARING OF NAVY INSIGNIAS

Great Lakes, Ill., Jan. 26.—Police of every city in the thirteen states which compose the Great Lakes Naval Training station will co-operate with naval authorities in preventing civilians from wearing any part of a navy uniform. In a letter addressed to the governors of the middle western states, Captain William A. Moffet, commandant, asked the state executives to lend their aid in confiscating navy uniforms and parts of navy apparel worn on civilians. "In the first place," Captain Moffet commented on writing the letter, "it is forbidden by law for civilians to possess any piece of navy wearing apparel or any other navy property, for that matter, and in the second place we need all the uniforms which can be made to outfit the men who are entering the service daily. Young women who have received 'jumpers' as gifts from their jacksie friends, before the war, and who have obtained parts of navy uniforms, will have to surrender them to the government or civil authorities, when they are approached by naval officers. Men who have been wearing the peacock coats of the navy or who have in their possession any navy property, will be subject to arrest if they do not surrender them to the police or navy officers. With the co-operation of the governors, the campaign by navy officers, and campaign by navy officers, it is expected that the wearing of navy uniforms by civilians who prey on jacksie and beat and rob them will come to an abrupt stop.

HASTEN JUDGMENT AGAINST VIOLATORS

Washington, Jan. 26.—In order that judgment may be invoked at once against violators of the draft act, who recently lost their appeal, James D. Maher, clerk of the supreme court today sent the court mandate to the lower court. Upon receipt of the judgment trial courts will order sentences imposed without delay. This action was taken upon the motion of the attorney general and affects appeals from Minnesota, Georgia, Ohio and New York except those of Emma Goldman and Alexander Berkman, who have asked the supreme court to grant a new hearing.

TWO MILLION FRANCS FOR REFUGEE RELIEF

Havre, Jan. 26.—The Belgian government has placed at its disposal two million francs for the relief of Belgian refugees. The Belgian government has placed at its disposal two million francs for the relief of Belgian refugees. The Belgian government has placed at its disposal two million francs for the relief of Belgian refugees.

BOLSHEVIKI SEND HIM TO ENGLAND

London, Jan. 26.—The national Russian congress of soldiers and workmen deputies, to which the Bolshevik government referred the question of war or peace, has authorized Foreign Minister Trotsky to continue negotiations at Brest-Litovsk, a Petrograd dispatch reports. M. Trotsky will return to Brest-Litovsk early next week.

POLITICAL ACTIVITY OF PACKERS KNOWN

Washington, Jan. 26.—How the packers worked against federal investigation of their industry as proposed in congress during 1916, and how they kept in touch with practical affairs in Washington in an effort to prevent passage of an investigation resolution was disclosed today from the files of Swift & Co., read in the records of the federal trade commission inquiry. A report on the situation, signed by R. J. McManis, J. M. Chaplain and A. D. White of the Swift & Co. legal staff, and which was sent to G. F. Swift, Jr., H. H. Swift and other officers of the firm, said: "We believe the situation to be serious and recommend that everything be done in every direction to head off the present movement. We believe that as it stands today nothing could stop criminal prosecution."

CHIEF SHIP DESIGNER HANDS IN RESIGNATION

Washington, Jan. 26.—The resignation of Theodore E. Ferris, chief ship designer for the emergency fleet corporation, was accepted today by Chairman Hurley of the shipping board. Mr. Ferris designed the Ferris type wood ship, 400 of which are being built by the fleet corporation, and he helped design the special steel ship type the corporation is having constructed.

PEACE TALK MOST VAGUE AT PRESENT

GERMANY'S ARROGANT ATTITUDE HAS CREATED UNFAVORABLE IMPRESSION AMONG ALLIES.

IS AUSTRIA IN EARNEST?

Has Made Decided Overtures to Russia But at the Same Time It Has Recognized Poland and New Republic.

London, Jan. 26.—An Amsterdam dispatch to the Central News, quoting the speech of Count von Hertling, a centrist member of the Reichstag, Deputy Reichsminister, progressive, and Gustav Stresemann, national liberal, who generally supported the German government, said that the German government had decided to recognize Poland and the new republic of Austria. The dispatch said that the German government had decided to recognize Poland and the new republic of Austria. The dispatch said that the German government had decided to recognize Poland and the new republic of Austria.

PLANT FOR PACKING RABBITS IS PLANNED

Oklahoma City, Okla., Jan. 26.—A new war time industry has been projected here, but not until Dec. 15, 1917, was a rabbit packing plant is about to be erected in Oklahoma City by the Commercial Rabbit Breeders' association. The concern, with a capital stock of \$10,000, has been incorporated under the laws of Oklahoma. There is a rabbit farm in Michigan and another in California. The fact that statistics show the rabbit to be 80 per cent nutriment and the national movement for food conservation are responsible for the new company. H. C. Lucking, secretary-treasurer of the concern in talking of the plans, said it was not yet certain when the plant would be built but that its cost would be approximately \$10,000.

URBANA CONFERENCE WILL NOT BE HELD

Urbana, Ill., Jan. 26.—In view of the fact that the federal government has requested that traveling be limited to absolutely essential traffic to help out congestion in railroad travel, the Urbana conference of Illinois has called off the congress to discuss "labor problems resulting from the war" which had been called for Feb. 14, 1918.

MORE SUITS UNDER TRADING STAMP LAW

Madison, Jan. 26.—Additional suits under the trading stamp law will be started within the next few days by the Downey-Farrell company of Chicago. The action will take the form of asking the court for an order restraining Dairy and Food Commission from enforcing the rule that the retail seller of food opened in the trading stamp must redeem the stamp in cash. Attorney Jackman of this city asked Attorney General Haven for permission to have the suit in the name of the state, but this was refused. The action will now be brought in the name of the dairy and food commissioner.

ULTIMATUM SENT TO RUSSIA BY FINLAND

Helsinki, Jan. 26.—The Finnish senate has sent an ultimatum to the Russian government demanding that Russia cease supplying arms and munitions to Finland. The ultimatum was sent to the Russian government demanding that Russia cease supplying arms and munitions to Finland. The ultimatum was sent to the Russian government demanding that Russia cease supplying arms and munitions to Finland.

PRICE JUMP TAKEN BY CORN ON MARKET

Chicago, Jan. 26.—Corn has risen in value this week, owing largely to the fact that the crop movement, although improved, did not become as brisk as a number of traders had expected. Comparing a week ago the market this morning was 1 to 1 1/2 higher; oats showed gains of 1/2 to 3/4. The result in provisions varies from 47c decline to a rise of 3c.

BRYAN WILL BOOST PROHIBITION CAUSE

New York, Jan. 26.—William Jennings Bryan will open the campaign of prohibition to obtain ratification of the national prohibition amendment in the New York state legislature by two speeches here tomorrow.

RUSSIAN LIBERTIES MUST BE SET ASIDE DURING THE WAR

Petrograd, Jan. 26.—Addressing a meeting of the Kekebols guards today Ensign Krylenko, the Bolshevik commander in chief, declared that while he believed in the freedom of speech all liberties must be set aside during the struggle with the Bourgeoisie. "We uphold the power of the workmen and soldiers," said Krylenko, "and shall shrink from nothing, not even from spreading whole sale terror and war to all who cross our path. We must not stop short in our fight until we have completely exterminated all our enemies. Vengeance on them to the end without mercy."

ENGLISH AEROPLANES BOMB GERMAN AIR STATION IN SUCCESSFUL RAID 18 REPORTED.

REVOLT IN GERMANY?

Indications Are That Unrest in Central Powers Is Growing More Rapidly at Present. Discussion of war aims—or peace terms, is claiming public attention almost to the total exclusion of military affairs. Active operations in fact are in progress nowhere just at present, except in the way of the never ceasing cannonading along the various fronts and the reconnoitering activity. Echoes of the speeches delivered by Count von Hertling, the German imperial chancellor, and Count Czernin, the Austria-Hungary minister, are found in the comment of the press and there seems to be comparatively no diversity in the various allied capitals.

GERMANS ARE FIRM

The prevailing view in London, as reflected in the press, is that Germany has adopted what amounts to an uncompromising attitude, desiring to listen to no peace terms but her own, while Austria, although more conciliatory because of internal conditions, nevertheless is faithful to her German allies. Separate Wedges. A representative French view is that the central powers are revealed in the speeches as trying to drive a wedge between the allied nations by attempting to open separate debates with them. Some of the foreign commentators attach considerable importance to the invitation of the German chancellor for continued conversation on the subject of peace terms. German Revolution. The prevailing view in London, as the Express says, that extraordinary reports are current concerning a revolution in Germany, and there has been rumors of great disorder in Berlin during the last few days. The rumors are said to be without foundation. The correspondent admits that confirmation of these rumors is impossible, but thinks that it is remarkable that no reliable news of the kind has been received in Holland on Friday direct from Berlin, all coming by round-about routes. None of Thursday morning's Berlin newspapers have been received.

Official Statement

London, Jan. 26.—The official statement issued today by the British war office says: "We took a few prisoners last night in patrol encounter, southwest of Cambrai. Hostile artillery was active early in the night against our position in the Scarpe valley."

Bomb Airplane

The admiralty announces that a naval aircraft bombed a German airship on Friday, making direct hit. All the machines returned. German Driven Back. German raid made in the French position west of St. Gobain, failed last night, according to an official statement issued today by the French war office.

PRESIDENT WILSON URGES FOOD SAVING

Washington, Jan. 26.—President Wilson today completed his proclamation calling on the American people for greater food saving in order to release more food for the army and the allies and will be given out at the White House tonight for publication in Sunday's papers. The proclamation will represent the food administration of 1918 food conservation program and will contain regulation by the food administration limiting the sale of wheat flour.

SPANISH WOMEN RIOT FOR CHEAPER FOODS

Madrid, Jan. 26.—Rumors of disorder in Barcelona state that groups of women started rioting in order to release more food for the army and the allies and will be given out at the White House tonight for publication in Sunday's papers. The proclamation will represent the food administration of 1918 food conservation program and will contain regulation by the food administration limiting the sale of wheat flour.

LABOR PARTY TAKES FIRM STAND ON WAR

Nottingham, Eng., Jan. 26.—The British labor party closed a most important convention in its history, the outstanding fact of the three days' proceedings being the firm stand taken on the war. The labor party must be completely and finally rid of aggressive militarism. Not a single resolution or declaration was made during the conference on the subject of war or peace omitting the endorsement of President Wilson's war aims and attitude. No other allied statesman received a similar tribute. The labor party and President Poincare was not mentioned.

WISCONSIN BOV'S DEATH REPORTED BY PERSHING

Washington, D. C., Jan. 26.—General Pershing today reported the death of Private Arthur W. McClaffin of scarlet fever, whose home is in Arpin, Wis.



Maxim Litvinov.

Liberty Bonds

Both the 1st and 2nd issue of Liberty Bonds are here and ready for delivery.

Our subscribers are requested to bring their receipts when bonds are called for.

3¢ On Savings.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Established 1855.

The Bank with the Efficient Service. Open Saturday Evenings.

Open Tonight

The THIRTIETH CAMPAIGN is now on throughout the country.

You can have a part by joining our Christmas Savings Club and save a little each week.

Plans to suit grown people and children.

Merchants & Savings Bank

The Oldest Savings Bank in Rock County.

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Consultation and examination free.

Bell, 121 W.

ARMY CAMPS CALL HER NIGHTINGALE

Miss Donna Easley, "Nightingale of army camps," will sail for France January 29 to sing for the Sammies over there as she has for the boys in every camp and cantonment over here.

Shakespeare's Schoolmaster.

In the London Times it was recently stated that Rev. Simon Hunt, B. A., who was Shakespeare's schoolmaster from 1571 to 1577, became a Jesuit on April 7, 1578, and died at Rome as penitentiary (confessor) on June 11, 1585.

Everybody reads the Want Ads.

EXAMINATIONS WILL BEGIN ON THURSDAY

PHYSICAL EXAMINATIONS OF MEN IN CLASS 1 TO DETERMINE FITNESS FOR SERVICE TO BEGIN JAN. 31.

FIFTY CALLED DAILY

Plan to Examine Fifty Men Each Day—All Examinations Will be Held in New Quarters in the Post Office.

Cards were sent out today to fifty registrants in Class No. 1 ordering them to appear at the post office examinations for the national army. Failure to do so will be considered a misdemeanor, punishable by not to exceed one year's imprisonment, or the losing of valuable rights and privileges. The military service is looked for by the local exemption board due to the fact that all men who will be called will be those who required the necessity of filling out their questionnaires, and they will be ready for the physical examinations. The fact that the third floor of the court house cannot be sufficiently heated with the present system, some time ago necessitated the board moving to the second floor in the circuit court chambers. The new quarters so it has been deemed wise to secure new quarters in the post office building. The rooms on the second floor are located in the building and will prove spacious enough for the handling of all registrants. The board will remove to its new quarters Tuesday of next week. The first of fifty men who will report Thursday, there are many who have already been examined, and have been rejected for physical disability. However, this does not exclude them from a second examination, so they will be required to appear along with those who were not called in the last draft. This Arthur Schultz, of Edgerton, whose serial number was 258, was the first man to be examined in the last call for drafted men. He was rejected on the grounds of physical disability, but under the new system of questionnaires, he will again have to report for examination. The orders to appear for examination were issued today so that registrants living some distance from the city would be able to reach here on the specified date. The board plans to call fifty men each day until all men in the call for have been examined. The call for military service will no doubt come sometime in February and the local board is making plans to be ready for it with the required number of men.

Those whose cards ordering them to report were issued today are as follows:

Schultz, Arthur	Edgerton	Stewart, Leslie C.	Menomonee, Wis.
Reuben T.	Janesville	Croate, Hart M.	Chicago
McGillan, William J.	Janesville	Goehly, Albert J.	Hanover, R. I.
Holliday, Ralph R.	Milton	Goehly, Orlin	Janesville
Viney, William J.	Janesville	Cannon, Fred D.	Janesville
Rowert, Charles E. W.	Evansville	Pore, Julius	Moline, Ill.
		Kohoff, Fred J.	Edgerton, R. R.
		Heinz, Louis	Janesville
		Hasard, A. J.	Janesville
		Barnard, Lloyd E.	Janesville
		Dreutell, Wm. H.	Janesville
		Miller, John P.	Edgerton, R. 3
		Brown, Arthur W.	Janesville
		Horwood, Stanley R.	Janesville
		Bach, John	Chicago
		Patterson, Charles W.	Milton
		Nelson, Julius	Janesville
		Forrest, Charles W. Jr.	Janesville
		Spry, Frank	Janesville
		Vard, Fern B.	Janesville
		Rasmussen, Orville S.	Boulder, Colo.
		Geary, Wm. E.	Evansville
		Catcote, Kenneth H.	Janesville
		Caulkins, Fred L.	Janesville
		Rook, James	Janesville
		Ebbott, Willis L.	New York City
		McClay, Leslie L.	Chevyenne, Wyo.
		Jensen, Alfred H.	Brooklyn, R. 3
		Roberts, Chester Louis	Brooklyn, R. 3
		Holden, George C.	Janesville
		Holtz, Paul H.	Janesville
		Hall, Arnold	Edgerton
		Hansen, Walter E.	Evansville, R. 17
		Guinness, Alfred	Janesville
		Schroeder, Edgerton, R. 17	Edgerton, R. 17
		Griffith, Harold O.	Dubuque, Ia.
		McClamlin, Burnett J.	Janesville
		Reese, Harry L.	Lima Center
		Lyons, Bernard	Edgerton
		Thorn, August A.	Edgerton
		Berry, Leo R.	Janesville
		Hansen, Christian L.	Stoughton, R. 6

PUBLIC LIBRARY WILL AGAIN BE OPENED ON MONDAYS DUE TO DEMAND FOR LITERATURE

The public library will again be open on Mondays as fuel administrator James Bach has rescinded the closing order for Mondays. Last week the public library was closed on Sunday and Monday but due to the demand for reading matter on holidays permission was given to open the library on Monday from ten o'clock in the morning to nine o'clock in the evening. The library will remain closed on Sundays until the fuel conservation order of National Fuel Administrator Garfield expires.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Francis M. Campbell, wife of James M. Campbell, passed away Friday afternoon at three o'clock at her home, 820 Center street, after a very brief illness of only one day. She leaves to mourn her loss her husband and a son, Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Albright of this city and two sisters and two brothers, Mrs. Marvin Hagler and a host of friends, who will be grieved to hear of her demise, for she was very popular with the young or people of this city. She had lived in Janesville for the greater part of her life.

The mortal remains of Mrs. Clara Wixom were laid at rest yesterday afternoon in the Oak Hill cemetery. The funeral services were conducted at the home of Mrs. Wixom, 700 Milwaukee avenue at ten o'clock. Rev. Ewing of the Congregational church conducted the services. The pallbearers were E. G. McGowan, S. Gaukey, J. Robinson, L. Nickerson, F. P. Starr and John Fitchett.

Correction: Misses Ruth Bingham and Willis Pfenning are members of the Senior MacDowell club and not the Junior Club, as reported last evening.

Train Restored: The Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul train for Davis, Wis., which was taken off a week ago, has been put on again, running on its usual schedule, arriving at 12:55 P. M. and leaving here at 8:12 P. M.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Miss Katherine A. Shields and Miss Anna Knobel leave today for a two weeks' business trip to New York city.

Mrs. H. D. Murdoch and daughter, Dorothy, have returned from a visit of several days in Rockford, Ill.

Thomas S. Nolan was a Chicago visitor on Friday.

Bethel Pined of Jackson street, is home from a few days visit in Madison with relatives.

Stanley Yonce came down from Minneapolis on a business trip and a few days' visit at his home in this city.

C. H. Weirick of Beloit, spent the day with Janesville friends on Friday.

Miss Norma Ryan of South Main street has returned home. She has been spending the past week visiting in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Manley have for their guest this week, their father, from Grand Rapids, Mich., at their home in the Peters flats.

Henry Russell of Milwaukee, was a Janesville visitor on Friday.

Isaac Rosenblatt of Beloit, transacted business in Janesville yesterday. He is a visitor in town for a few days this week.

Mrs. Harriet Smith of this city, has returned from a visit with Clinton friends.

Mrs. A. B. Smiley was in town this week from Brodhead, where she has been visiting relatives for some time. She left on Wednesday for her home in Los Angeles, Cal.

Mrs. B. D. Johnson of Clinton was a shopper in town this week on Wednesday.

George and Paul Pullen of Evansville, were business visitors in town this week.

Mrs. Frank Lee of Milton Junction, is spending the week in town visiting with relatives.

Miss Jessie Owen left today for Milton Junction where she will visit her mother for the week-end.

John Rexford of Sinclair street, was a visitor for the day in Chicago, on Friday.

Mrs. Louis Hill, who has been visiting at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. B. Granger of North Jackson street for several weeks, left for Chicago on Thursday.

John and Sterling, Ill., before returning to her home in Oregon.

S. A. Cook of Madison, after a visit of a few days this week in town, has returned.

Mrs. J. W. McCue of North High street is confined to her home with illness.

Dr. and Mrs. Bianewies were Walworth visitors this past week. They went to attend the funeral of their nephew, the late Philip J. Perry.

Miss Sorenson of Rockford, who has been spending the past week with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Kenneth Jeffris of Chicago will spend the week-end in Janesville with relatives.

Mrs. Thomas Graham of South Main street has returned from a visit of several weeks at the home of her father, Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Gray, at Manitowish.

Miss Marian Ewing of South Jackson street is home from Milton college for an over Sunday visit.

Miss Annette Wilcox of South Second street gave a bob ride on Friday evening to several of her girl and boy friends. After the ride the crowd stopped at the Wilcox home, where refreshments were served.

Hon. John M. Whitehead of Garfield avenue entertained eight gentlemen at the Lincoln hotel Friday evening.

A dinner was served in the ordinary at seven o'clock.

The Girls' Sewing club met this morning at the Lincoln school, on account of the high school being closed this week. They are still making the Belgian quilts and other articles for the refugees.

Miss Margaret Patterson, head of charge of the morning's work.

The school children of the city met for the story hour this morning at the public library and listened to the stories read to them by Miss Buckmaster. There was not a large attendance owing to the bad weather.

Miss Marian Allen and Miss Frances Allen will give, this evening, at the H. V. Allen home, one of the circle card parties for the Red Cross.

Friends in this city have received announcements of the marriage of Miss Phoebe Briggs of Sacramento, Calif., and W. McClachey, an army man. Mrs. McClachey has many friends in Janesville. She has been a friend in different times at the home of Mrs. Thomas Jeffris on South Jackson street, and graduated from the same year with Miss Ruth Jeffris from Vassar college.

ASK STATE HEALTH BOARD FOR ADVICE

Small Pox Scare in This City Will be Investigated by State Officials—Situation Not Serious.

Although no definite steps have been taken, a small pox scare which has gripped the city during the past week, the situation was carefully gone over at a meeting held in Mayor Father's office this afternoon. City Health Officer S. B. Buckmaster, H. H. Faust, superintendent of schools, Dr. Charles Sutherland, member of the state health board, and Mayor James A. Fathers went into conference and decided that they would put the situation up to the state board of health and ask their aid in the present situation.

A telephone call to Madison resulted in the knowledge that the head of the board could not be reached and the matter was allowed to rest until six o'clock this evening, when the mayor was to get in communication with the board.

The board will be asked to survey the situation and suggest any and all remedies which will aid in the epidemic.

The fact that the high school would be closed unless some measures are taken by the state board of health. The result of the meeting of the city health board was that the city will be asked to give their faithful co-operation in all efforts made to prevent the spread of the epidemic.

The quarantine law, which is being strictly enforced, is being vaccinated is fully brought forward by the statements of the doctors who state that each day brings an ever increasing number of cases. The one fact which was brought out in the meeting at the city hall this afternoon was that the situation in Janesville is not an epidemic and that nothing is to be feared as to the outcome.

NO CHANGES MADE IN THE GARFIELD ORDER

Saloons As Well As All Other Places Not Exempted Must Observe Closing Order Next Monday.

No word was received by County Fuel Administrator Jesse Barle today relative to any changes in the Garfield order. This means that all places which were obliged to close last Monday will do so again next Monday.

A report current in Milwaukee this week that saloons would be allowed to remain open but unheated, has not been confirmed and no information to this effect has been received by Mr. Barle.

All retail food stores will close at noon Monday while other stores will remain closed throughout the day. Saloons which have obtained special permission from the War Department, must not open Monday.

Banks, depots, express companies, black and white, and dentists' offices may remain open as usual.

HEALTH CONDITIONS AT CAMP GRANT GOOD

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.] Rockford, Ill., Jan. 26.—Health records compiled at the Camp Grant military hospital show that the health of the city of Janesville is good.

Deaths have occurred in the camp since August 25. In the five months more than 46,000 men have lived at the camp while 27,000 men are stationed.

PAPER MILLS MUST CLOSE ON MONDAYS

Washington, Jan. 26.—Reversing an earlier ruling the fuel administration today held that news print paper mills come within the class of industry that must be closed for the next nine Mondays to conserve fuel.

NON-SUPPORT CASES SET FOR FEBRUARY 28

Adjournments until February 28 were taken in both non-support cases which were on the docket at the municipal court this morning before George Maxfield. Lacey Hall of Ormerville, was charged with refusing to provide for his wife, and after the case entered a plea of not guilty he was set to the county jail because of his failure to pay a \$360 bail.

R. C. Strampe was charged with refusing to support his two children, Ernest, aged 12, and Arthur, aged 9. Ernest entered a plea of not guilty and was released after the date for his trial had been set.

Second hand stoves are in great demand and get rid of it through a classified ad.

LEADS THE WOMEN ANTI-WAR WORKERS

Clara Zetkin, president of the International Women's Party, has been an anti-war worker since the war's beginning and she lives in Switzerland to escape imprisonment in Germany.

She has been co-operating with the German women and conducts her propaganda from Bern, Switzerland. Her co-worker, Rosa Luxemburg, has been imprisoned in Germany for her anti-war work.

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PLANS FOR CONTROL OF WHOLE STATE

(Continued from page 1.)

plan in which loyalty was not an issue, the democratic organization made much of his opposition to the President as an argument, that the whole state was disloyal. It is worthy of note, however, that the attacks upon Mr. La Follette by democratic leaders have been confined to Wisconsin. In the halls of Congress, the author of Senator La Follette has been made by members of his own party.

The most questionable procedure on the part of the democratic press, and particularly those democratic newspapers which helped to elect him to the United States senate, was to couple the name of Governor Philipp with that of Senator La Follette.

Deliberately ignoring the fact, well known in Wisconsin, that Governor Philipp had been opposed to Senator La Follette's election and had been fighting La Follette in the 1916 campaign when these papers were supporting him, an attempt was made to include the governor in a censorious light might come from the loyal citizen.

The latest move in Wisconsin, planned by the democratic organization and supported by honest republicans for patriotic reasons, is the campaign for a non-partisan election in 1918. To the loyal citizen, democratic or republican, the move to insure the election of patriotic men to public office is the means to an end, that being the desire of the republican party in the state.

Recently much has been made of the fact that Governor Philipp opposed this fusion movement. Senator A. W. Sanborn of Ashland, a republican who has been identified up to the present moment with Senator La Follette, has been referred to as the author of a non-partisan election law, and Governor Philipp has been attacked on the ground that he refused to include such a law in his legislative call. The fact is that no such law has been presented to the governor.

Although Senator Sanborn has submitted no such bill, the proposed law has been discussed as containing the following provisions:

"To provide for a party convention of all parties to nominate candidates for state and county offices to be voted on at the primary under party labels."

"To provide that after the primary the two highest candidates of all parties shall go on the non-partisan ballot with no party designations after their names, and that no other names be permitted on the ballot."

This kind of law would bring about three results:

First, the present primary law would be wiped off the statute books. Second, all members of minority parties would be disfranchised.

Third, the republican party, dominant in Wisconsin and comprising an overwhelming majority of the voters of Wisconsin would be annihilated.

The democratic party—and this fact was discussed and understood by the party leaders who decided upon the plan—would have everything to gain and nothing to lose.

Governor Philipp is concerned he can be counted on to oppose two of these propositions flatly, and it is certain that he would with the same emphasis oppose a law which would disfranchise any minority party. That, in Wisconsin, would exclude the prohibition and social reform party which might spring up from representation upon the ballot. It is doubtful, also, that such a law would be held constitutional.

An interesting fact is that while the non-partisan election has been urged in a general way, no public citizen and no newspaper has stood sponsor for the repeal of the primary law, a certain result of the bill which has been proposed. The fact that no such bill has reached the governor's office may indicate that neither Senator Sanborn or any other public man has been closely identified with such a project at this time.

A plan by the democratic organization to discredit the state as a disloyal commonwealth having a record during the war, the fusion movement is the latest card in the pack. Without retreating one inch from their position as loyal citizens, democratic leaders are determined that this political movement shall be defeated.

The in the legislature amending the law which received his support. At no time, however, has he advocated the absolute repeal of the primary law, and it is certain that he would with the same emphasis oppose a law which would disfranchise any minority party. That, in Wisconsin, would exclude the prohibition and social reform party which might spring up from representation upon the ballot. It is doubtful, also, that such a law would be held constitutional.

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Heart and Home Problems

BY ELIZABETH THOMPSON
LETTERS MAY BE ADDRESSED TO MRS. THOMPSON, IN CARE OF THE GAZETTE

Dear Mrs. Thompson: I am twenty-four years old and I am desperate in love with a man five years older than I am. I have known him for years. At first I did not love him or think about him particularly. I guess he did not seem good-looking to me. He was too tall for his weight and his eyes were a little different. Now it is different. I only think of him as graceful and I cannot see any defects. I did not love him until I learned that he drank and lost a position because of it. He looks so hard that I pitied him at first and tried to help. I seemed to do him good and he stopped drinking. I was good for him, but he is not able to give it up entirely. He tries so hard to love him. I know that if I give him up he will drink again and be worse than ever, because he trusts me to help him. I am right. I asked him to marry him and I don't know what to do.

I would rather die than give him up, but I hesitate to marry him because I have a good position and make a good salary. My father forbids me marrying him. What would you advise me to do?

EVANGELINE.
Do not marry him because you have more than yourself to consider. The drink habit is very likely to become stronger in the man, and if you are married you will be bound to your intelligence over him. Consider the results of such a marriage. Doubtless there would be children to be reared with the terrible condition of drunkenness in the home, and there would probably be poverty. Love him and help him all you can, but sacrifice your desires in the matter rather than bring misery on yourself and others in the future. You have made a mistake in the thought that you have a great love. So many women go through life only half loving and never knowing what it is to be deeply loved by another.

Dear Mrs. Thompson: I am troubled with little blackheads all over my nose and on my chin. What can I do to get rid of them? BILLIE.
Dust and grime are two of the principal causes of blackheads. A little dust gets into an open pore and causes an irritation of the skin tissues surrounding it. This condition often leads to inflammation and disfiguring blotches. Another great cause of much facial blemishes of this sort is indigestion. Watch your diet carefully. A good remedy for skin disorders is to eat two apples and drink a glass of water before going to bed. Scrupulous cleanliness of the skin is another great aid in removing blackheads and the pimples which often come with them. Apply the following treatment at night. Use a good skin cream. Use a good skin cream. Use a good skin cream.

Dear Mrs. Thompson: We are freshmen at high school and we are going to have a slumber party of ten girls. The girls' mother will not be at the party and we want to have a chaperon. There is a very nice young lady teacher at school who is new this year. We would like to ask her to be our chaperon. Do you think it would be all right, or would she think it queer and not want to come? C. T. CLUB.

I believe that the teacher would enjoy chaperoning you. Ask her and if she doesn't want to come she will find an excuse. Don't however, think that she doesn't like you. She has a reason why she cannot come.

HEALTH TALKS
BY WILLIAM BRADY, M. D.
LETTERS MAY BE ADDRESSED TO DR. BRADY, IN CARE OF THE GAZETTE

Mistaken Notions About the X-Ray
A very frequent inquiry coming to this department of distress runs something like this:
"I have been troubled for quite a while with stomach and bowels. I have had numerous remedies recommended by friends without success. Would you advise me to have an X-ray picture taken? Please tell me where to have it done."

An X-ray picture is often a great aid in arriving at a diagnosis. But the picture itself practically never makes the diagnosis. And the opinion of the technician who makes the picture is seldom of any diagnostic value. His service is to make the picture and then make an expert interpretation of the vague lights and shadows that show on the plate. A good X-ray technician generally has little diagnostic skill.

An X-ray picture is of no value unless interpreted by the man who made it, and considered in conjunction with the information obtained by the patient's physician through ordinary clinical observation and examination. Some of our correspondents even mail in X-ray films, and ask us to advise treatment. We wish we might help these readers, but a picture is about as useless as a diagnosis made by a technician. The technician must interpret the picture for the expert who knows the history and character of the patient's trouble. You can't get away from the old-fashioned doctor.

The X-ray is like specialism in that respect. People who imagine a specialist is a more skillful or a better trained man than an ordinary doctor, and that a specialist must work with and through the patient's ordinary family medical attendant, in order to accomplish good results. The X-ray is of no value at all in the diagnosis of the majority of diseases. There are all kinds of ailments which make no impression whatever on the plate.

On the other hand, there are thousands of obnoxious adventures who have jumped into an X-ray picture and learned that the stomach or kidneys or something isn't just where they

acquired much that I value little. I feel nevertheless that my life and experience is being rounded out in an otherwise unobtainable way.
You have achieved everything, you say, that influenced you to get into the marriage. You wanted to be married, most keenly, as all girls do who have reached "unmarried 21," both for superficial and fundamental reasons. You wanted to get into the home. You wanted to get into God's sunshine and away from New York's moral slough.

"I have paid," you admit, "rather dearly for these things. But I feel that the first three years are my hardest years and that the whole situation will work itself out to my advantage—my character's fulfillment."
Blessed child! How much marriage has taught you! Many women NEVER get that lesson—that marriage is not intended for the happiness of the individual, but for the happiness of the race.

As we go on through the years, dear, let us compare notes as to how we get on with our "character's fulfillment," our best development and filial duty. When we are old and basking gently in life's sunset, the measure of our success as women.
Ever and always yours own
KATE.

SERMONS ON PROHIBITION WILL FEATURE TOMORROW
[BY INTERNATIONAL NEWS.]
Albany, N. Y., Jan. 26.—Five thousand pastors in the state of New York will preach tomorrow on prohibition and will urge their congregations to work with state senators and assemblymen in the fight for prohibition. The prohibition fight in the coming legislature, as in the other states, will have two phases. First, the drive for emergency war prohibition; second, the fight for permanent national prohibition. Senators Brown and Barnes are in arms against any sort of prohibition. Gov. Whitman and State Comptroller Travis are supporting the cause.

EVERYDAY ETIQUETTE



(Miss Hoyt will answer in this paper all questions on matters of etiquette addressed to her in care of this paper. If a person's answer is desired enclose a two-cent stamp.)

Crackers or wafers should not be broken and dropped into one's soup. A small piece should be broken off the same as when eating bread or soup.

ENTERTAINER: When eating at the table the maid stands at the right of the person who is serving, whether she is offering a dish from which he is to help himself, or is placing a dish in front of him, unless the plate, ice belongs at the right of the person. She also stands at the left while removing all dishes, excepting those which have been placed at the right. A "cover" consists of plates, glasses, silver and napkins to be used by one person during the meal.

LOUISE: Fashionable wedding invitations sometimes have the request for a reply expressed in English, and instead of the letters "R. S. V. P." one sees, "The favor of a reply is requested," or, merely, "Please reply." Some hostesses prefer to use the English sentence on all formal invitations.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS
MENU HINT
Breakfast
Oatmeal (cooked with chopped dates)
Corn Meal Muffins MILK
Coffee
Luncheon
Bean Soup (from left-over baked beans)
Crackers Potato Salad
Milk Cookies
Dinner
Meat Souffle (made from left-over meat)
Broiled Sliced Potatoes
Stewed Tomatoes (home canned)
Raspberry Jam Rye Bread
Sliced Bananas Sponge Cake

RECIPES
Toast, Canadian Style—Toast slices of whole wheat or rye bread. Sprinkle lightly with salt. Pour over each slice a brown gravy made of suet or other good fat, and thickened with scorched flour to give color. Serve with stewed fruit.
Sweet Macaroni—Boil one quart of macaroni in two quarts of water with a large pinch of salt until tender; drain off water, add a cup of milk and a half pint of cream, and a cup of sugar. Boil for five minutes. Add a cup of raisins and a cup of currants. Boil for five minutes. Add a cup of raisins and a cup of currants. Boil for five minutes.

Apples and Rice—Peel good baking apples, take out the cores. Do not injure shape. Put in a deep baking dish. Pour over each apple a half pint of molasses or syrup. Into each apple put a shred of lemon and let bake very slowly till done, but not in the least lemon. When done take out the apples and when little heaps of well cooked rice. If the syrup seems too thin boil till it thickens.
Cold, served either hot or cold.
Macaroni and Salmon—Boil two cups macaroni broken in pieces until tender. Mix a tablespoon of oil with a cup of butter and melt. Blend with three tablespoons flour; add gradually two cups milk. Season to taste with salt and pepper. Boil three minutes. Add a cup of raisins and a cup of currants. Boil for five minutes. Add a cup of raisins and a cup of currants. Boil for five minutes.

Marshmallow Tapioca Pudding—(No eggs)—Soak two heaping tablespoons of tapioca over night. Drain and add to it one pint of milk and a very scant quarter of a cup of sugar. Cook in a double boiler over steam, stirring until dissolved. Remove from the heat, flavor to taste with vanilla and serve. The pudding is light and delicate.
Stuffed Cabbage—Remove stalk end of head of cabbage. Leave whole shell. Chop fine one pound round steak with one slice bacon, one onion and one-half cup bread or cracker crumbs soaked in water and wrung dry; one beaten egg. Season with salt and pepper, mix in balls size of small egg and put in cabbage shell. Cover with pieces of green pepper or cabbage leaves and steam until tender. Put on platter and serve with tomato sauce. This with some potatoes makes a fine dinner.
Black Pudding—One cup molasses, two and one-half cups flour, two teaspoons baking powder, two cups boiling water, one scant teaspoon soda dissolved in boiling water, a little salt. Add spices and raisins to taste. Steam about three hours. Serve with either boiled or egg sauce.
Egg Sauce—For one-half the pudding: Beat yolks well of two eggs, add sugar to taste. Beat the two whites very stiff, flavor with vanilla. Beat all together and add cream.
The recipe will serve eight, but can be used one-half may return the rest steamed over next evening.

Quite Simple.
Jim Jones—"But how can I love my neighbor as myself, when his dog howls all night?" The Parson—"Why, very easy, brother Jones—very easy—just poison his dog!"—Puck.

LEAGUE OF MOTHERS WANT MILK AT COST
Chicago, Jan. 26.—A petition to the city government to "purchase or produce any of the necessities of life and sell them at cost directly to the people" will be considered at a meeting to be held here tomorrow under the auspices of the Mothers' League.
The meeting was called in an effort to see that mothers of babies in the poor sections of the city obtain milk at nominal cost, and a thousand women members of the league, have organized to fight for lower milk prices.

SIDE TALKS

—BY—
RUTH CAMERON

There is a certain dream which everyone I have ever interviewed on the subject and for the fun of the thing I have asked several people—has had.
I myself I have had it not once or twice but just about as often in 'so often'.
The dream is that I am back at school.

Psychologists say that all dreams express subconscious fear or desire. There is no question which this expresses.
Why Do We Hate School So?
The dream came again the other night and started me to wondering why we hate school so and if something couldn't be done about it.

It isn't wholly because, its hard work. I've worked infinitely harder at times since I left school than I ever dreamed of working in school.
And never, even in college have I concentrated as I sometimes concentrate now. I was correcting some proof the other night in the waiting room of a shop where I was to meet a friend. After I had finished it I sprang up, started to go to the mail box to mail it and became conscious of someone's "elbow." "Well," said my friend's voice, "I've been sitting there about a foot from your nose for the last ten minutes and I think it's about time you noticed it. I had been sitting at a double desk and she had been sitting at the other half of it in front of me. Now I never worked like that in school.

The Work Seems Aimless.
It seems to me that the child's dislike of school comes rather from the fact that we don't seem to be working for any particular end here. The being set tasks just to amuse the teacher, not for any definite purpose. We aren't either really playing or really working.
There are some educators who are trying to combine school work with play in some miraculous way so that the child will learn without knowing it.

Am Afraid School Must Always Be Monotonous.
Perhaps this will work out. But somehow I have my doubts. I am afraid that the foundation of an education must ever be laid like the foundation of proficiency in any line, in definite efforts. No one can become a proficient in music without becoming a proficient in the multiplication table and the dates in history and the Latin declensions—are they not the finger exercises of the mind?
And you know what Paderewski said about his finger exercises, that if he omitted them for a day he omitted it in his playing, if he omitted them for a week he omitted it in his playing, if he omitted them for a month, the world noticed it. Surely we are lucky if we can leave ours behind in the schoolroom.

In the Churches
Trinity Episcopal Church.
Trinity Episcopal church—Corner Jackson and West Bluff streets. Rev. Henry Williamson, pastor.
Services: Sunday—9:30 a. m. Holy Communion; 10:30 a. m. Morning prayer, litany and sermon; 1:30 p. m. Evening prayer; 7:30 p. m. Sunday school; 8:30 p. m. Choir practice.
St. Patrick's Roman Catholic Church.
St. Patrick's Roman Catholic church—Corner Cherry and Holmes streets. First Mass, 7:30 a. m.; second Mass, 9:00 a. m.; third Mass, 10:30 a. m. Vespers, 7:30 p. m. Rev. E. B. Reilly, pastor. Residence, 315 Cherry street.
St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church.
St. Mary's Roman Catholic church—Corner First and Wisconsin streets. First Mass, 7:30 a. m.; second Mass, 9:00 a. m.; third Mass, 10:30 a. m. Vespers at 7:30 p. m. Rev. E. B. Reilly, pastor. Residence, 315 Cherry street.

Methodist Episcopal Church.
Methodist Episcopal church—Corner Franklin and Pleasant streets. Rev. Franklin F. Lewis, pastor.
Services: Sunday—10:30 a. m. Subj. "The Pattern of Our Building." Morning service. 12 m. Classes for everybody. J. E. Lane, superintendent.
Sunday evening Bible club—5:00 p. m.
Epworth League—6:30 p. m.
Union evening services at Baptist church and at United Brethren church.
Strangers cordially invited.

Baptist, Congregational and Presbyterian Churches.
Baptist church—Corner 1st and 2nd streets. Rev. J. A. Melrose, pastor.
Services: Sunday—9:45 a. m. Morning service. 10:50 a. m. The morning worship at Baptist church. Sermon by Rev. J. A. Melrose on "Christ and the Present Crisis." Sunday school at Congregational church.
6:30 p. m.—Union meeting of C. E. societies at Baptist church.
7:30 p. m.—Evening worship (union of all churches) at Baptist and United Brethren churches. Rev. C. E. Ewing in United Brethren church.
L. C. Markham at Baptist church.
Wednesday, 4:15 p. m.—Congregation of Junior C. E. society banquet.
Thursday, 4:00 p. m.—Presbyterian C. E. society in intermediate room.
Thursday, 6:15 p. m.—Union supper and meeting of young people at Congregational church.
Thursday, 7:45 p. m.—Union mid-week meeting at Congregational church.
If you are not connected with any of these churches, you are cordially invited to meet with us.

United Brethren Church.
United Brethren church—Corner Milton and Prospect avenues. Rev. J. Hart Truesdale, pastor.
Sunday services: 10:00 a. m.—Sunday school. Mrs. C. F. Pearson, superintendent.
11:00 a. m.—Morning sermon.
3:00 p. m.—Junior C. E.
6:30 p. m.—Senior C. E. Edna Chadderdon, leader.
7:30 p. m.—Union service: Devotions, Rev. J. A. Melrose. Sermon by Rev. C. E. Ewing.

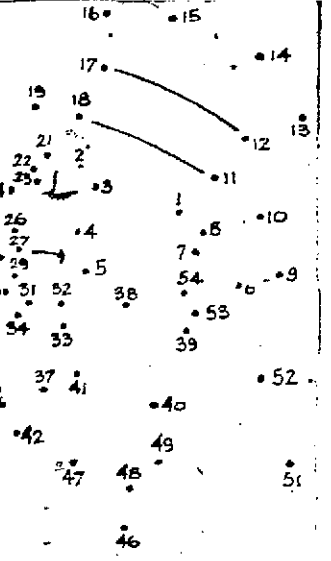
First Christian Church.
First Christian church—Corner Milwaukee and Academy streets. Clark Walker Cummings, minister.
Bible school—10:00 a. m. Classes for all.
Morning worship—11:00 a. m.—Discussing the Divine Secret" is the subject of the morning sermon.
Wednesday evening—Choir and Boy Scouts.
Thursday evening—Church night. Study on Teachings of Jesus. Will probably have with us C. G. Kindred of Chicago, who led us in special meetings at the last spring.
A real welcome awaits you at all the services.

Norwegian Lutheran Church.
Norwegian Lutheran church—Corner 1st and Madison streets. T. C. Thorson, pastor.
Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.
No morning service.
Evening service in English at 7:30. You are welcome.

Christian Science Church.
First Church of Christ, Scientist.
Services: Sunday—10:00 a. m. Morning service. 11:00 a. m. Church service. 7:30 p. m. Evening service. You are welcome.

OPERATION FOR PILES UNNECESSARY
It is barbarous and a thousand year old way, to treat piles by burning, tying or cutting them off, resulting in severe pain and often bad after results. We now treat them by a mild
Electric Absorption Method Without Pain, Loss of Blood, Chloroform, Knife or Loss of Time, Etc.
One or two simple office treatments and the patient may return home the same or following day. Absolutely reliable and results permanent.
No Medicine Can Cure Piles
Drs. Taylor & Alexander
SPECIALISTS
In the treatment of Piles, Ulcers, Fissures and Hemorrhoids.
Room 434, 1st Nat. Bldg. Milwaukee, Wis.
Send for references.

One Comparison.
A joke is like a neat ankle. It has to be seen to be appreciated.—Yale Record.



Take your pencil, trace and scribble. And you'll see old Francis Fribble.
(Draw from one to two and so on to the end.)

The Daily Novellette

LIVE AND GROW OLD.

You are right, gentle reader, the face of you waiter in the white and spot-splashed apron looks quite familiar. Why, if it isn't our old friend, Oddsen Ends, the middle-aged "Well met, just in time to get into today's story. Even as we recognize him, he bends over a customer for his order.

"Tea," said the customer laconically. He was an extra large customer with hard-boiled eyes and an apoplectic chin. "Yes sir, at once, sir," snarled Oddsen Ends. "Burnt tea I ask you, sir—do you know why make tea, he-he, one might say, is always in a better humor than female tea?" "Who? What?" rapped out the customer.

"Because male tea is tea he he!" explained Oddsen Ends with a girlish giggle. "What foolery is this here? Bring me tea!" roared the customer. "Yes sir, at once, sir," said Oddsen Ends. And not more than twenty minutes later, not a steaming cup of Solong tea before the customer, remarking sweetly at the same time, "You will notice there is no sugar, sir. Owing to the scarcity of sugar, sir, there isn't any."

"W-what?" bellowed the customer. "I can't drink tea without sugar!" "Well, might I suggest," intoned Oddsen Ends—"if you just think about it, a lump will probably come up in your throat." Someone landed heavily on the pavement outside. It was not the customer.

SENATE CONFIRMS NEWLY APPOINTED POSTMASTERS
Yesterday the United States senate in one clean sweep confirmed the nominations of postmasters in the many towns throughout the state which recently held nominations for postmasters. Among the many towns listed are one in Rock county and four in surrounding counties, including Whitewater, Walworth, Jefferson, Jefferson, Johnsons Creek, Jefferson, Milton Junction, Rock.

MEETING OF W. C. T. U.
A spirited debate was a feature of the regular meeting of the local W. C. T. U. held Thursday afternoon. Mrs. J. S. Taylor was in charge and she announced the resignation of Mrs. J. S. Taylor as being in charge of the organization (if there be one) in an unbecomingly manner. Mrs. Jacobs led in the singing of the hymn, "The Lord is my Shepherd." Mrs. Taylor followed with a resume of a dry campaign carried out very successfully in Ironwood, Mich., by Mrs. E. E. Ewin then the committee.

W. B. REDUSO
Back and Front Lace for stout figures make large hips disappear, bulky waistlines graceful, awkward bustlines smaller, with "Old Corset" comfort. \$3.50 & \$5.00
NUFORM
Back and Front Lace for slender and average figures give Style, Comfort and Perfect Fit.
W. B. REDUSO
Style 307 \$2.00 \$1 to \$3.
Style 723 \$3.50
All Dealers WEINGARTEN BROS., Inc., New York Chicago

For Three Generations
The Sealy Has Been the Standard In Mattress Values
We recommend it to all our customers who want nothing but the best.
It is guaranteed for 20 years against packing, spreading or becoming lumpy. It never has to be remade.
The Sealy is truly representative of the high grade merchandise carried in our home furnishing department.
Prices on Sealy Mattresses are much lower, considering quality, than any other mattress made.

FRANK D. KIMBALL
Take your pencil, trace and scribble. And you'll see old Francis Fribble.
(Draw from one to two and so on to the end.)

LOONY LYRICS

BY MORRIS MILLER

Does any Jan. contain a Peck? Ached little Amos Stubble. Said Pa, "I lost my family Jan. Contains a Peck of trouble."

There are men who by long consulting their own inclination have forgotten that others have a claim to the same deference.

The Time to Save Your Hair is Now

GOING! GOING! GONE!
NEWBRO'S HERPICIDE is the one remedy on your druggist's shelves which may always be depended upon.
Instead of complaining to your friends of the loss of your hair, call upon your local druggist and purchase a bottle of NEWBRO'S HERPICIDE.
It is the first and original germ remedy for dandruff, stops itching and checks falling hair.
You can save your hair you have much easier than you can grow new. The time to save your hair is now. The remedy for doing it is NEWBRO'S HERPICIDE.
Applications may be obtained at the best barber shops and hair dressing parlors.
It is guaranteed by The Herpicide Co. Sold everywhere.
J. P. BAKER, Special Agent.

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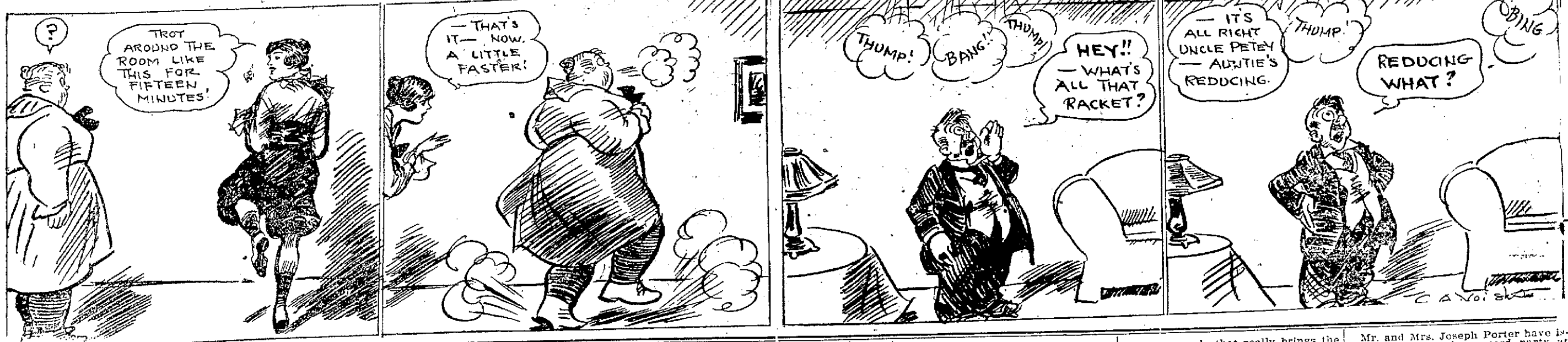
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PETEY DINK—THAT'S JUST IT—REDUCING WHAT?



Long Live The King

By MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

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"A fine night," said Herman, and cast an eye at the sky.

"Fine enough."

"Too good to waste in sleep. I was thinking," observed Herman, "of an hour or two at the Hungaria."

The Hungaria! Something in Peter's pleasure-hungry heart leaped, but he checked his fellow clerk.

"Since when," he inquired, "have you frequented the Hungaria?"

"I feel in the mood," was the somewhat sullen reply. "I work hard enough, God knows, to have a little pleasure now and then." Danger was knocking him around, then, he turned away from Peter. Niburg, then faced him again. "If you care to come," he suggested. "Not a supper, you understand, but a glass of wine, Italian champagne," he added.

Peter Niburg was fond of sweet champagne.

Quietly he pushed his hat to the back of his head, and hung his stick over his forearm. After all, why not? Niburg was young. Let the past die. It might make the first move, let Herman, make the second. He linked arms with his old enemy.

"A fine night," he said.

CHAPTER V.

The Right to Live and Love.

Dinner was over in the dull old dining room. The archduchess, Annunziata, looked at a cigarette, and

Relief from Eczema

Don't worry about eczema or other skin troubles. You can have a clear, healthy skin by using a little Zemo, obtained at any drug store for 75c, or extra large bottle at \$1.00.

Zemo generally removes pimples, blackheads, blotches, eczema and ringworm and makes the skin clear and healthy. Zemo is a clean, penetrating, antiseptic liquid, neither sticky nor greasy and costs nothing. It is easily applied and costs more for each application. It is always dependable.

The L. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

A RAW, SORE THROAT

Eases Quickly When You Apply a Little Mustrale.

And Mustrale won't blister like the old-fashioned mustard plaster. It penetrates to the core spot with a gentle touch, loosens the congestion and draws out the soreness and pain.

Mustrale is a clean, white ointment made with oil of mustard. It is time for quick relief from sore throat, bronchitis, tonsillitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuritis, headache, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frost-bites, colds on the chest. Nothing like Mustrale for croupy children. Keep it handy for instant use.

50c and 60c jars; hospital size \$2.50.



Unshaken Testimony

Time is the test of truth. And Dean's Kidney Pills have stood the test in Janesville. No Janesville resident who suffers backache, or annoying kidney and bladder ills, can remain unconvinced by this twice-told testimony.

Mrs. Emilie Hall, 266 Riverside St., Janesville, says: "I suffered terribly from pains through the small of my back. I had severe pains in my head and my kidneys didn't act regularly. I felt miserable until I got Dean's Kidney Pills, at the People's Drug Co. Two or three boxes made me well again."

OVER FOUR YEARS LATER, Mrs. Hall said: "I still use Dean's Kidney Pills once in awhile and they keep my kidneys in good condition."

Price, 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Dean's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Hall has twice publicly recommended. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

glanced across the table at Hedwig. Hedwig had been very silent during the meal. She had replied civilly when spoken to, but that was all. Her mother, who had caught the countess's trick of narrowing her eyes, inspected her from under lowered lids.

"Well?" she said. "Are you still sulky?"

"Not at all, mother." Her head went up, and she confronted her mother squarely.

"I should like to inquire, if I may, observed the archduchess, "just how you have spent the day. This morning, for instance?"

Hedwig shrugged her shoulders, but her color rose.

"I rode."

"Where?"

"At the riding school, with Otto."

"Only with Otto?"

"Captain Larisch was there."

"Of course! He was here for practically the day with him!"

"I have spent most of the day with Otto."

"This devotion to Otto—it is new, I think. You were eager to get out of the nursery. Now, it appears, you must fly back to schoolroom teas and other absurdities. I should like to know why."

"I think Otto is lonely, mother."

The archduchess was in one of her sudden moods of irritation. Hedwig's remark about Otto's loneliness, the second that day, struck home. In her anger she forgot her refusal to the chancellor.

"I have something to say that will put an end to this sentimental nonsense of yours, Hedwig. I should forbid your seeing this boy, this young larisch, if I felt it necessary. I do not. You would probably see him anyhow, for that matter." She rose, and threw her bolt out of a clear sky.

"It is unnecessary to remind you not to make a fool of yourself. But it may not be out of place to say that your grandfather has certain plans for you that will take your mind away from this silly boy, soon enough."

Hedwig had risen, and was standing very white, with her hands on the table. "What plans, mother?"

"He will tell you."

"Not—I am not to be married?"

The archduchess, Annunziata, was not at all hard. She could never forgive her children their father. But they were her children, and Hedwig was all that she was not, gentle and round and young. Suddenly something almost like regret stirred in her.

"Don't look like that, child," she said. "It is not settled. And, after all, one marriage or another—what difference does it make? Men are men. If one does not care, it makes the things they do unimportant."

"But surely," Hedwig gasped, "surely I shall be consulted?"

Annunziata shook her head. They had all risen. As for Olga Loschek, she was very still, but her eyes burned.

"Mother, you cannot look back, and—remember your own life, and allow me to be wretched. You cannot!"

Hedwig began to cry.

The archduchess hated tears, and her softer moments were only moments. "Dry your eyes, and don't be silly," she said coldly. "You have always known that something of the sort was inevitable."

She moved toward the door. The two princesses and her lady in waiting remained still until she had left the table. Then they fell in behind her, and the little procession moved to the stuffy boudoir, for coffee. But Hilda slipped her arm around her sister's waist, and the touch comforted Hedwig.

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her, they reach out toward him. Did she fancy it, or did the figure salute her? Then came the quick ring of heels on the old stone pavement. She knew his footsteps, even as she knew every vibrant, eager inflection of his voice. He went away, across the square, like one who, having bent his knee to a saint, turns back to the business of the world.

In the boudoir the archduchess had picked up some knitting to soothe her jangled nerves. "You may play now, Hilda," she said.

Annunziata dozed, and Hilda played softly. The countess's opportunity had come. She put down the dreary embroidery with which she filled the drearier evenings, and moved to the window. She walked quietly, like a cat.

Her first words to Hedwig were those of Peter Niburg as he linked arms with his enemy and started down the street. "A fine night, highness," she said.

Hedwig raised her eyes to the stars. "It is very lovely."

"A night to spend out-of-doors, instead of being shut up—!" She finished her sentence with a shrug of the shoulders.

Hedwig was not fond of the countess. She did not know why. The truth being, of course, that between them lay the barrier of her own innocence. When the countess's arm touched hers, she drew aside.

"Tonight," said the lady in waiting dreamily, "I should like to be in a motor, speeding over mountain roads. I come from the mountains, you know. And I miss them."

Hedwig moved, a little impatiently, but as the countess went on, she listened. After all, Nikky, too, came from the mountains. And because she was sorry for the countess, who was homesick, and perhaps because just then she had to speak to some one, she turned to her at last with the thing that filled her mind.

"This marriage," she said bitterly. "Is it talked about? Am I the only one in the palace who has not known about it?"

"No, highness. I had heard nothing. Of course, there are always rumors."

"As to the other, the matter my mother referred to," Hedwig held her head very high. "I—she was unjust. Am I never to have any friends?"

"Friends, highness? One may have friends, of course. It is not friendship they fear."

"What then?"

"A lover," said the countess softly. "It is impossible to see Captain Larisch in your presence, and not realize—"

"Go on."

"And not realize, highness, that he is in love with you!"

"How silly!" said the Princess Hedwig, with glowing eyes.

"But highness!" implored the countess. "If only you would use a little caution. Open defiance is its own defeat."

"I am not ashamed of what I do," said Hedwig hoily.

"Ashamed! Of course not! But things that are harmless in others to your position—you are young. I am," she smiled grimly in the darkness, "not so old myself but that I can understand."

Hedwig stood still. The old city was preparing for sleep. In the place a few loiterers, strolling close, and the faint talking of a bell told of the Blessed Sacrament being carried through the streets to some bedside of the dying. The Princess Hedwig bowed her head.

It seemed to her, all at once, that the world was full of wretchedness and death, and of separation, which might be worse than death.

"I wish I could help you, highness," said the countess. "I should like to see you happy. But happiness does not come of itself. We must fight for it."

"Fight? What chance have I to fight?" Hedwig asked scornfully.

"One thing, of course, I could do," pursued the countess. "On those days when you wish to have tea with—his royal highness, I could arrange, perhaps, to let you know if any member of the family intended going to his apartments."

It was a moment before Hedwig comprehended. Then she turned to her laughingly. "When I wish to have tea with my cousin," she said coldly, "I shall do it openly, countess."

She left the balcony abruptly, abandoning the countess to solitary fury, the greater because triumph had seemed so near. Alone, she went red and white, bit her lips, behaved according to all the time-honored traditions. And even swore, in a polite, lady-in-waiting fashion, to be sure to get even.

Things were going very wrong for Nikky Larisch.

Perhaps, at the very first, he had been in love with the princess, not the

woman. It had been rather like him to fix on the unattainable and worship it from afar. Because, for all the friendliness of their growing intimacy, Hedwig was still a star, whose light touched him, but whose warmth was not for him. He would have died fighting for her with a smile on his lips. But he had no hope of living for her, unless, of course, she should happen to need him, which was most unlikely. He had no vanity whatever, although in parade dress, with white gloves, he hoped he cut a decent figure.

So he had been his star, and as cold and remote. And then, that very morning, Hedwig had been thrown. Not badly—she was too expert for that. As a matter of fact, feeling herself going, she had flung two strong young arms around her horse's neck, and had almost succeeded in lighting on her feet. It was not at all dramatic.

But Nikky's heart had stopped beating. He had lifted her up from where she sat, half vexed and wholly ashamed, and carried her to a chair. That was all. But when it was all over, and Hedwig was only a trifle wobbly and horribly humiliated, Nikky Larisch knew the truth about himself, knew that he was in love with the granddaughter of his king, and that under no conceivable circumstances would he ever be able to tell her so. Knew, then, that happiness and he had said a long farewell, and would thereafter travel different roads.

So that night he started out to think things over. Probably never before in his life had he deliberately done such a thing. He had never, as a fact, thought much at all. It had been his comfortable habit to let the day take care of itself. Beyond minor problems of finance—minor because his income was trifling—he had considered little. In the last border war he had distinguished himself only when it was a matter of doing, not of thinking.

But he was young, and the night was crisp and beautiful. He took a long breath, and looked up at the stars. After all, things might not be so bad. Hedwig might refuse this marriage. They were afraid that she would, or why have asked his help? When he thought of King Karl, he drew himself up, and his heels rang hard on the pavement. Karl! A hard man and a good king—that was Karl. And old. From the full manhood of his twenty-three years Nikky surveyed Karl's almost forty, and considered it age.

It was typical of Nikky to decide that he needed a hard walk. He translated most of his motions into motion. So he set off briskly, turning into the crowded part of the city.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

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Pleasant Fields Of Holy Writ

THE INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON.

First Quarter, Lesson IV, Mark II:1-12.

January 27, 1918.

Golden Text: The Son of man hath authority on earth to forgive sin. Mark II:10.

JESUS FORGIVES SIN.

Capernaum was by adoption Jesus' own city. He made it the center of his missionary tours. He wrought more miracles and preached more sermons there than in any other place. He recognized it as his residence by paying his tax there—"using," as a quality writer says, "a fish's mouth as the purse from which he took the coin for the tax-gatherer." It was no matter of caprice that Jesus went there. It was the center of population. There were nine large cities in immediate proximity. And the combined population of the district approximated three million souls. Compared to the center of the ecclesiastical center of Palestine, the prejudice to the new Teacher and his doctrine was correspondingly less. There Jesus could reach the masses.

There was an irresistible attractiveness in him. People flew to him like iron filings to a magnet. He could attract and conspicuous personage of all history, and, having been lifted up, he drew to himself a vast multitude for himself, whether this attraction shall result in a permanent attachment to the Master. Alas for Capernaum! It was for the most part curi-osity, or mere bodily healing, the loves and fishes, that brought the populace to Jesus; and so a city exalted to heaven by the great Jesus, fell to itself. "Voe unto thee, Capernaum!" seem to wake the echoes of complete desolation.

Once when Jesus, in the very house where he was seeking repose, was besieged by an audience that completely choked up the courtyard and the very approach to it, a stirring incident occurred. Four men, one or more of whom had a personal and happy experience of Jesus' power to heal, picked up an afflicted friend as he lay upon his mat, and brought him joyously and confidently to the great Healer. They were not dashed when they found the ordinary approach hopelessly blocked. They did not lay their friend down in the street, or even return with him to the kingdom of heaven by storm. They carried him to the flat roof. They dug up the hard, sun-dried, earthen roof, enough to admit of their lowering their friend into the room below. There were helping hands reached up from the astonished auditors below, and the sufferer was gently and safely landed at Jesus' feet.

Jesus' first words were indescribably comforting: "Son, be of good cheer." But there is a surprising change in the formula. It is not a rebuke to disease. It is a categorical, authoritative remission of sin. The startling words could not escape the notice of the inquisitorial coterie of scribes and Pharisees. It was not intended that they should. It was Jesus' gambit at their fealty. They picked it up, but not in audible words of dissent. Jesus unveiled their unspoken words as he said: "Omnipotence knows nothing of degrees. One thing is not easier or harder to it than another. It is equally as easy to forgive as to heal, and vice versa. But that you may know that I have authority, and this utterly powerless person, arise." He spoke, and it was done. No wonder the people said, as the audience dispersed: "We have seen strange things today." "Our eyes never beheld anything to match this scene." "We never saw it on this fashion."

THE TEACHER'S LANTERN.

An admirable example, this, of strong and practical human sympathy. This gathering up of those who have been felled to earth by adversity, disease, and sin; this carrying them in the arms of a strong faith to Him who is mighty to have—angelic work! Power of combination—see that, too, in this stirring word-picture. No one of these four believers could alone have carried his friend to Jesus. The four together did it with ease. The children of this world are wiser in this respect. It is the age of combination in every sphere. Much spiritual force is frittered away in sporadic effort. Let Christians "get together" for the accomplishment of definite ends.

Persistence is finely illustrated here. None of the four got weary in well-doing, or let go his corner of the mattress. Faint hearts would have faltered at sight of such obstacles. But these believers were not made of such stuff. They did not once look back. They ran their furrow to the end of the field. This is the quality that wins in every sphere; in religion no less than in art, literature, commerce, exploration, and all.

Conventional rules were broken and set at naught that day. The sermon was interrupted. Plaster came rattling down on the heads of the auditors. Property was injured. But what of that, so a sinner was saved? Wel-

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come any mode that really brings the unseared to the golden mercy-seat. Public worship is a means to an end, not an end in itself. It is a ladder to convey us to the treasury of grace. Bare ritualism grows very dextrous in gliding up and down the ladder; but it never takes one anywhere.

What God does is well done. The healing was complete. There was no tedious convalescence. The man hitherto so powerless sprang to his feet. The hands that the moment before were shaking like aspen leaves now rolled the mattress into the smallest possible compass. The man who was himself a burden now carries a burden. And this was in the sight of all.

The transforming power of Jesus' grace is just as conspicuous today. Judged by his effects upon individuals, communities, and nations, he must be confessed divine. As the walls of that Capernaum home echoed to shouts of glory to God, so shall the whole earth be finally filled with his praise.

Jesus saw faith in the four carriers and the sufferer carried. So also he saw the malicious thoughts of his enemies. The same searching eye is still on us from above. How perfectly does he discern the heterogeneous thoughts and feelings of the race!

January 27, 1918. Romans XII:1-13

GOALS AND HOW TO REACH THEM.

The great endeavor is to make oneself acceptable to God. That is inclusive of everything, duty, privilege, destiny. Nothing divisive can be tolerated. Double service, God and Mammon, is impossible, unthinkable. One must be transformed rather than conformed. The will of God must be the sole aim. But it must be one's self that is given to God, not something other or fictitious. Today the efficiency of the whole army depends upon each man finding the branch of service for which he is best fitted. Gifts differ, but all are contributed to achieve the one result.

COOKSVILLE.

Cooksville, Jan. 25.—Several loads of tobacco passed through here Thursday going to Evansville.

Mrs. Spaulding of Janesville spent a few days the past week with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Vanvorner.

Mrs. Herbert Pursett visited relatives at Evansville and Brodhead recently.

Several from here attended the funeral of Ernest Olson at Stoughton Monday.

Mrs. Olaus Pursett entertained the ladies' aid society Tuesday.

Mrs. Ole Clifton is reported to be on the gain after a severe attack of pneumonia.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Bolander of Beloit, are visiting the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Bolander.

The union ladies' aid society met at the home of Mrs. Arthur Franklin Wednesday.

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Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Porter have issued invitations for a card party at their home Friday evening, January 25.

About forty were present at the community club at the home of Mrs. Edouard Schurday. The time was devoted to sewing for the Red Cross. At one o'clock a delicious dinner was served.

SHARON.

Sharon, Jan. 25.—Father Pierce returned home Thursday evening from a two-weeks' visit at Waco, Texas, and other southern points of interest.

Mrs. J. Schroeder has returned from Henry Severson's where she has been nursing the past two weeks.

Miss Corn Buckles returned to Fontana Thursday evening after a few days' visit with Mrs. J. Rivers.

Mrs. John Kough of Clinton, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Anna Morris, for a few days.

Ed. Perring of Beloit, spent Thursday with relatives in town.

Mrs. Harold Rossman and baby returned to their home in Beloit after a month's stay with her grandmother, Mrs. S. Vrooman.

Miss Van Gelder returned to her home in Racine Friday after a visit at the home of Miss Clara Arnold.

John Finn was a Beloit visitor Friday.

Miss Anna Zimmerman and Miss Rosay Lay Bundy were Janesville shoppers Friday.

Mrs. Anna Zabel spent Friday in Clinton.

Mrs. J. Perkins was a business visitor at Janesville Saturday.

Mrs. and Mrs. Geo. Perring, Miss Dorothy Perring, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Goodall, went to Walworth Friday to attend the funeral of the former's brother, Phil Perring, who died Tuesday after a lingering illness caused by kidney trouble.

The Seaverson children, and Rosa Schultz are the latest victims of the measles.

William Conley is sick and under the care of the doctor.

NOTICE—The Gazette is on sale in Sharon at Finn's restaurant.

WHY IS IT

THAT THE FEMININE INITIALS, YOUR ROMANTICALLY DECORATED ARM WITH—

NEVER TURN OUT TO BE TH' ONES YOU HAVE CUT IN TH' WEDDING RING!

K. L. F. O. S.

LARKE

TO WIN THIS WAR GERMAN SPIES MUST BE JAILED

WILL YOU HELP PUT THEM ALL IN JAIL?

If you can't go to the trenches, serve at home, and stand by the man at the front.

Telegraph, write or bring us reports of German activities in your district.

Aid in patriotic work by enrolling and serving as a regular member of the American Defense Society. Only Americans need apply for membership. Every member receives the society's Button and certificate of membership.

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Your Money Is Needed

PIN A BILL TO THIS COUPON AND MAIL TO-DAY

Make Checks Payable to ROBERT APPLETON, Treasurer

American Defense Society, Inc., 44 East 23rd St., New York

Please enroll me as a member of the American Defense Society. I enclose my check for \$1.00—Annual Membership, \$5.00—Sustaining Membership, \$10.00—Subscribing Membership, \$25.00—Contributing Membership, \$100.00—Life Membership.

Name.....

Street Address.....

City and State.....Date.....1918

Your Country Needs You

You Need Your Country

